Preservation Month: Places with a Purpose

May 1 – Welcome video from Director Lisa D. Jones

<u>Link</u>



The Alabama Historical Commission is sponsoring the 3rd Annual Historic Places Photography Contest in celebration of Historic Preservation Month, May 2024. This year's theme is Historic Sites owned by the Alabama Historical Commission. We are looking for unique and artistic photos that feature these specific historic places. This contest is for all photographers of any age or skill. Digital photographs should be taken at the highest resolution possible. Only JPG format will be accepted. Please do not include an image with borders, watermarks, dates, or names. And, please do not include people or animals in your photo.

The following AHC sites will be accepted:

Alabama State Capitol Belle Mont Mansion Confederate Memorial Park Fendall Hall Fort Mims Fort Morgan Fort Toulouse-Fort Jackson Freedom Rides Museum Gaineswood Magnolia Grove Old Cahawba Pond Spring

We will use the winning photos in a variety of places: websites, social media, digital and print materials, television, etc. The AHC will give credit wherever the photo is used. An applicant may submit more than one photo, but a separate entry form must be filled out. The deadline is May 31 at 11:59 pm. GOOD LUCK!



Submit your photo here!

May 3 – Alabama Register Highlight: Bibb Graves Hall



Preservation Month wouldn't be Preservation Month without highlighting the Alabama Register of Historic Places, now would it? One that has recently been added to the list in fact... Bibb Graves Hall is a new listing to the Alabama Register of Landmarks and Heritage. It is located on the campus of Jacksonville State University, previously Jacksonville State Normal School, in Calhoun County. Bibb Graves Hall is a two story late Gothic Revival building built in 1930. It housed all the campus facilities except dormitories. Classrooms, the library, and auditorium were in this building. On Monday December 8, 1930, the first classes were held. Bibb Graves Hall, originally named after Alabama Governor David Bibb Graves, is now called Angle Hall and serves as the administration building.

For more information on the Alabama Register, click the link below! Alabama Register of Landmarks & Heritage

May 4 – Alabama Birding Trail & Fort Toulouse

Alabama Birding Trail Fort Toulouse-Fort Jackson

Fort Toulouse-Jackson Park is situated where the Coosa and Tallapoosa Rivers meet to form the headwaters of the Alabama River. The park preserves relics of over 6,000 years of human history within its 165 acres of woodlands and fields bordering the two rivers. The rich riverbank habitat makes this especially attractive to a variety of birds like Eastern Meadowlarks, Northern Bobwhites, and Red-tailed Hawks – and Northern Harriers, and American Kestrels in winter. The open swamp on the right of the entrance road has Anhingas and Prothonotary Warblers. Waders, such as Great Egrets and Great Blue Herons are possible throughout the year.

Located in the park is the Bartram Arboretum, named for the famed naturalist William Bartram, whose travels led him throughout the Southeast where he discovered and cataloged the botanical life. An easy walk on improved paths and boardwalks allows you to find a wide variety of songbirds such as Northern Parula, White-eyed and Red-eyed Vireos, and Blue-gray Gnatcatchers. Red-headed Woodpeckers are easy to spot throughout the year and the Yellow-throated Vireos call from the hardwood canopy. Wood Thrushes' flutelike songs permeate the woods in spring and summer, and Hooded Warblers are present in the warm months. Look and listen for the Barred Owls that call the woodlands of Fort Toulouse-Jackson home.

The Alabama Historical Commission is proud to partner with the Alabama Birding Trail.



Today is National Bird Day!

Did you know Alabama has the Alabama Birding Trail? Even more, did you know Fort Toulouse-Fort Jackson, one of our historic sites is part of it?

Today we are celebrating National Bird Day by sharing about the bird trail at Fort Toulouse! Read more about the beauty of the Alabama Birding Trail!

Fort Toulouse - Fort Jackson Park



May 5 – Museums Lovers Day & Freedom Rides Museum

It's Museum Lovers Day!

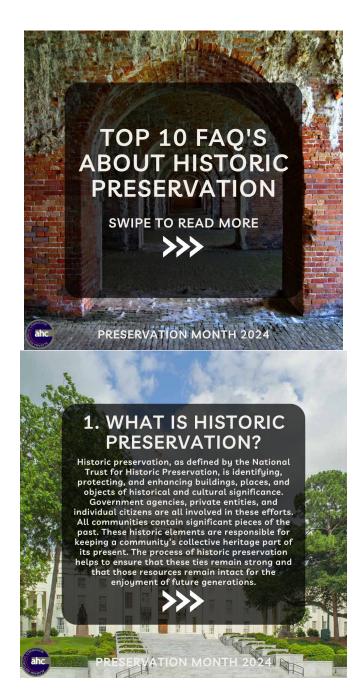
For you museum hunters and lovers of history and more, today is your day! We know you love visiting the coolest places - those with stories, history, and what's left behind! Which is why we are highlighting one of our own museums, the Freedom Rides Museum!

In 1961, groups of volunteers challenged the practice of segregated travel through the South. They called themselves the Freedom Riders as they crossed racial barriers in depots and bus stations. Their arrival to this location changed history!

Be sure to check the <u>Freedom Rides Museum</u> off your museum list!

, **VV**

<u>Link</u>



May 6 – FAQ about Historic Preservation



PRESERVATION MONTH 2024



7. WHAT IS SECTION 106?

Section 106, an essential part of the National Historic Preservation Act, requires federal agencies to consider the effects of projects they carry out, approve, or fund on historic properties. A roadwidening project, the construction of a new hydroelectric dam, or the relocation of a federal courthouse are all examples of projects that could affect local historic resources. The AHC reviews all federally funded, licensed, or permitted projects that have the potential to affect Alabama's historic places and archaeological sites.



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8. WHAT IS A CERTIFIED LOCAL GOVERNMENT?

Local governments strengthen their local historic preservation efforts by achieving Certified Local Government (CLG) status from the National Park Service (NPS). The CLG program was established in 1983 by the NPS as a preservation partnership between the NPS, state historic preservation offices, and local

governments with an active preservation program. Together, these groups work toward high quality survey documentation of resources throughout the community, training local preservation commission members, and public involvement. CLGs can compete for annual matching grants provided by the AHC to assist with preservation planning and documentation projects.

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9. WHAT IS ARCHAEOLOGY?

Archaeology is the study of the material remains of past human life and activities. Through the excavation of sites and the analysis of artifacts and other physical remains, much can be learned about humanity and its past. The Alabama Historical Commission's Archaeological Program provides advice and archaeological services for the general public and the historic sites of the AHC. Presenting Alabama's fascinating past to the public is an important part of the AHC's Archaeological Program. AHC answers questions, hold workshops, and make presentations on both archaeology and regulatory topics across the state. The AHC's goal is to explore Alabama's of Alabama.



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10. WHAT IS THE AHC'S MARITIME HERITAGE PROGRAM?

The Alabama Historical Commission Maritime Heritage Program works to protect maritime archaeological sites in Alabama waters and to advance awareness and understanding of the role of maritime affairs in the history of Alabama. Through leadership, assistance, and expertise in maritime history, preservation, and archeology, AHC helps to interpret and preserve our maritime heritage by maintaining inventories of historic maritime properties in Alabama waters; providing preservation assistance through consultation; educating the public about maritime heritage; and co-issuing and monitoring permits for maritime archaeological investigations in Alabama waters.

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TOP 10 FAQ about Historical Preservation

We always receive inquiries about what we do and how we do it, who we work with, and how we best accomplish preservation in Alabama. So, we put together a this list to get back to the basics.

May 7 – National Tourism Day at Fort Morgan



Happy National Tourism Day!

Did you know the Alabama Historical Commission has 15 historic sites?! Many of these sites are open to the public, but one in particular sees the most faces! Since 1834 Fort Morgan has stood as the guardian of Mobile Bay. This military site and National Historic Landmark is located 22 miles west of Gulf Shores.

Let's take it 🚋...

Construction began in 1819, but due to its isolated location, the fort was not completed until 1834. Skilled masons, many of which were enslaved African Americans, built the fortification which contains more than 46 million cubic yards of bricks. Fort Bowyer preceded Fort Morgan at Mobile Point. Fort Bowyer was constructed by the U.S. Army during 1813 to guard against possible British attack. This small log and sand fortification was attacked twice by the British during the War of 1812. The first attack made by four British warships and a combined force of British Royal Marines and Creek Indians came on September 15, 1814. The ensuing battle was a total American victory. One warship, the H.M.S. Hermes was sunk, and the marines and Creek Indians were forced to withdraw. During a second battle which took place during early February 1815, a combined British land and naval force forced the vastly outnumbered American troops to surrender the fort. By the terms of the treaty that ended the War of 1812, the British had to return Fort Bowyer to the United States.



May 8 – Historic Window Repair with Christy

Let's get to WORK! 🏠 🔨 🗾

Our very own Window Wizard, Historic Home Rehabber, National Register of Historic Places Coordinator, or as we like to call her, Christy, has some neat tips + tricks for the best way to deal with historic window repair! How to repair, protect, and maintain historic windows is so important to preservation of the home or building you are working on. Have questions? Reach out to the Window Wizard at Christy. Anderson@ahc.alabama.gov

See her full PP on the home page of our website under Preservation Month section!

great rot.pdf (alabama.gov)

May 9 – Reconstruction Era Network



DID YOU KNOW?

The National Park Service has a Reconstruction Era National Historic Network! AHC has partnered with the NPS to highlight and expand the Reconstruction Network. We are identifying, researching, and nominating historic buildings and districts for inclusion in the Network. To join, a site must be listed to the National Register of Historic Places or eligible to be listed. It should be a site, program, or facility related to the Reconstruction Era between 1861-1900. The Reconstruction Era in American History, typically defined as 1863-1877, is the period of time following the close of the Civil War and the emancipation of enslaved people. During this time, African Americans gained freedom and shortlived political rights as the nation attempted to reconstruct itself with a new social and economic system.

The Alabama State Capitol nomination is the first application of the NPS - AHC partnership. The Capitol building is related to the Reconstruction Era, because it is the site where Black legislators met and worked along with white legislators

between 1867- 1879. The legislators, many who were formerly enslaved, were active participants in Alabama's political process. They worked in the House, Senate, and were included in the 1867 state Constitutional Convention. In 2011, AHC erected a historic marker recognizing the Black members of the Alabama Legislature during Reconstruction. In 2017, a portrait of Horace King was unveiled inside the Capitol. King was a legislator and master builder, famous for building bridges throughout the South. The double staircase in the Capitol was designed by King. The Capitol nomination is a part of the continuing efforts of AHC to recognize the contributions of Black Alabamians to Alabama History. For more information, please see:

https://www.nps.gov/.../reconstruction/join-the-network.htm

May 10 – Places in Peril

Alabama Historical Commission 2023 Places in Peril



Since 1994, the Alabama Historical Commission and the Alabama Heritage Magazine have partnered together to promote Places in Peril, a public awareness program highlighting significant endangered historic properties in Alabama.

As awareness yields commitment, and commitment yields action, these threatened properties can be saved as treasured and preserved landmarks. The Places in Peril program has encouraged the preservation of important places in Alabama that may otherwise have attention to nominated places that rally local and statewide support.

The 2023 list highlights an array of resources, including an early twentieth century residence, a historic Black school, a former U.S. Army facility, a smalltown commercial property, and one of the oldest African American communities established in the United States. By documenting the history of these places and many other places like them, we can learn more about Alabama's exceptional residents and the stories they have to tell. As more of these places are emphasized through programs such as Places in Peril, previously unfamiliar histories and stories will come alive and allow current generations a glimpse into a past they otherwise would not have known. The Alabama Historical Commission is committed to encouraging the preservation of these tangible connections with the past so that stories are not lost but instead are cemented into Alabama history for both current and future generations. The 2024 Places in Peril nominations are NOW OPEN until October 31, 2024. For more information on the Places in Peril program, click the link below!

https://ahc.alabama.gov/placesinperil.aspx

May 11 – Belle Mont/Celtic Fest

Belle Mont

Positioned on a commanding hilltop, Belle Mont Mansion is one of Alabama's crowning architectural achievements.

Located just outside Tuscumbia in Colbert County, the mansion is one of a few Palladian-style houses in the Deep South. This style stems from the neoclassical architectural design of Italian Renaissance architect Andrea Palladio.

The Belle Mont Mansion hosts a Celtic Fest each year in May that celebrates Celtic music and history with food, vendors, activities, and historical reenactments.

The Alabama Historical Commission owns this historic site. Colbert County Historical Landmarks Foundation, Inc. is the support group in charge of operating the site.

For more information, visit ahc.alabama.gov.



May 12 – International Nurses Day – Mattie Fulcher



Confederate Memorial Park Mattie Fulcher

Mattie Fulcher was a registered nurse at the Alabama Confederate Soliders' Home, now Confederate Memorial Park, during the 1920s and 1930s. While at the Soliders' Home, Mattie worked under Dr. J.T. Fowler and lived on site with other employees. Mattie never married and dedicated her time and efforts to the recovery and health of veterans.

Spread over 102 acres of rolling wooded countryside near the center of the state, Confederate Memorial Park incorporates the site of Alabama's only Confederate veterans' home. Life for the old soldiers, called "inmates" at the Home, was better than most had known before their admission. The Home provided housing, meals, clothing, allowances, medical care and, for many, a place to die and be buried with dignity. The museum offers exhibits on the life of an Alabama Confederate veteran from recruitment to old age, including hundreds of artifacts from the Civil War and the Soldiers' Home.

While it is Mother's Day, it is also International Nurse's Day! While the AHC is tasked with preserving historic sites, the people who made these sites so significant have stories worth telling! We highlight Mattie Fulcher, a nurse who worked at the Veterans Home. 🖓 🧹